



Weisshorn Funds UCITS – Global Bonds CHF

Marketing communication as of : 30.09.2025

Investment Universe and Investment Objectives

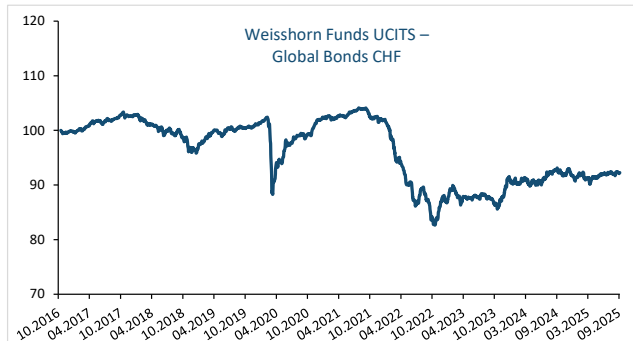
ISIN: LU1506617908

NAV 92.25

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to seek long-term capital growth and income by investing in a debt portfolio of fixed/floating income instruments. The investment manager will select debt securities or issuers to build a portfolio with an overall average credit quality of investment grade. In order to reach its objective, the Sub-Fund will mainly invest in debt instruments (public and corporate issuers, short/long maturity bonds, fixed/variable rate securities, senior/subordinated debt, inflation-linked securities, perpetual bonds, investment grade/high yield bonds, convertible bonds), money market Instruments, cash and cash equivalents.



The Weisshorn Global Bond fund is a long term Fixed Income investment vehicle suitable for long term investors (5-year minimum holding horizon). The actual risk can vary significantly if you cash in at an early stage and you may get back less. The summary risk indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the product will lose money because of movements in the markets or because we are not able to pay you. The essential risks of the investment fund lie in the possibility of depreciation of the securities in which the fund is invested. Other risks materially relevant to the PRIIP not included in the summary risk indicator: Liquidity risks, Counterparty risks, Operational risks, Risks from the use of derivatives. This product does not include any protection from future market performance, so you could lose some or all of your investment. If we are not able to pay you what is owed, you could lose your entire investment.



The past performance is not an indicator of future returns. The return of the fund may go down as well as up due to changes in rates of exchange between currencies. Future performance is subject to taxation which depends on the personal situation of each investor and which may change in the future.

Source : Weisshorn Asset Management

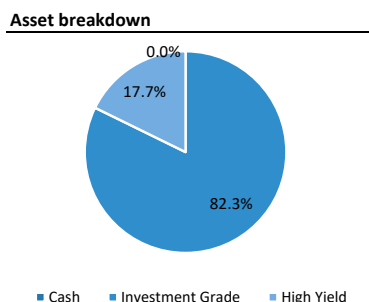
Annual Performance net of fees *													
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	YTD
2020	0.75%	-0.97%	-9.99%	4.41%	1.62%	1.04%	1.23%	0.59%	-0.46%	0.48%	2.30%	0.74%	1.04%
2021	0.11%	-0.28%	0.42%	0.35%	0.08%	0.67%	0.40%	0.03%	-0.64%	-1.02%	-0.66%	0.37%	-0.19%
2022	-1.86%	-3.49%	-2.62%	-2.05%	-1.62%	-4.88%	3.25%	-1.53%	-4.48%	0.27%	3.84%	-0.42%	-14.87%
2023	2.65%	-1.04%	-0.65%	0.15%	0.18%	-0.03%	0.68%	-0.55%	-1.23%	-0.70%	2.77%	2.90%	5.12%
2024	0.02%	-0.91%	1.11%	-1.54%	0.22%	0.18%	1.66%	0.32%	0.76%	-1.16%	1.10%	-1.11%	0.58%
2025	0.13%	0.59%	-1.25%	0.33%	0.28%	0.31%	0.12%	-0.17%	0.27%				0.60%

Source : Fund Partner Solutions

Top 10 Issuers	Weight
SPAIN I/L BOND	3.8%
DEUTSCHLAND I/L BOND	3.1%
BUONI POLIENNALI DEL TES	2.9%
TOTALENERGIES SE	2.7%
TSY INFL IX N/B	2.7%
ERSTE GROUP BANK AG	2.6%
AIRBUS SE	2.5%
AIA GROUP LTD	2.5%
NTT FINANCE CORP	2.3%
BANCO SANTANDER SA	2.3%

27.3%

Source : Weisshorn Asset Management



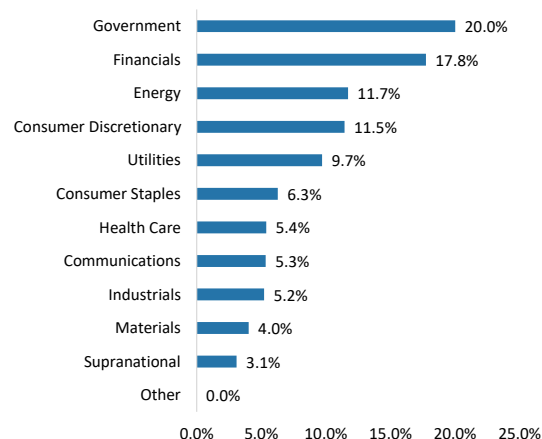
Source : Weisshorn Asset Management

Key Figures	
Annualized volatility	3.41%
Maximum Drawdown	-19.50%
Perf Since Inception	-7.75%
1Yr Performance	-0.59%
3Yrs annualized Perf.	3.32%
5Yrs annualized Perf.	-1.32%
Modified Duration	5.60
YTM	1.96
Average Rating Linear	BBB+
Average Rating Default Prob.	BBB-

The volatility is calculated on a daily basis and maximum drawdown on a monthly basis.

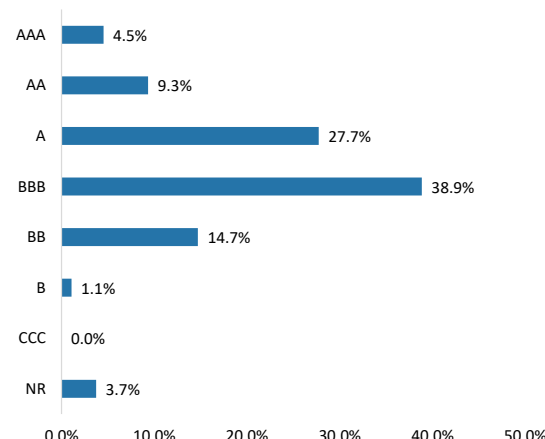
Source : Weisshorn Asset Management

Sectors Breakdown



Source : Weisshorn Asset Management

Rating Breakdown



Source : Weisshorn Asset Management

In September, financial markets continued to rally around the wave of announced Infrastructure investments aimed at supporting Artificial Intelligence development. The U.S. rate-cutting cycle resumed after a nine-month pause, further fueling market enthusiasm. In this environment, the S&P 500 gained 3.6% over the month, while the Stoxx 600 advanced 1.5%, the MSCI Europe Quality Dividend was up 1.26%. Government and Corporate rates remained stable.

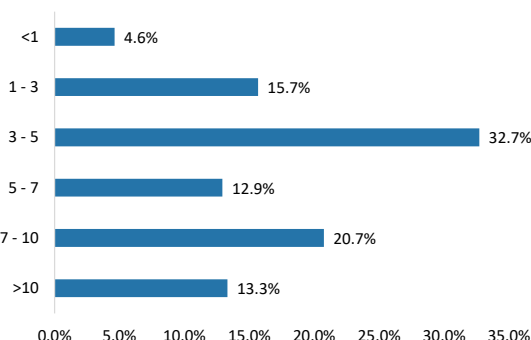
On the macroeconomic front, the Federal Reserve meeting was the key event. The Fed's members ultimately decided to cut policy rates by 25 basis points. Chair Powell emphasized that rising risks in the Labor market had begun to offset concerns about a potential resurgence of inflation. The Fed thus found itself in a difficult position caught between the risk of slowing employment and that of renewed price pressures.

The strongest market drivers in September, however, were investment announcements in the AI sector. Oracle shook the markets on September 9 with two major announcements. First, the company expects its annual cloud revenues to reach \$144Bn by 2030. Second, it signed a \$300Bn agreement with OpenAI to build data centers over the next five years. Shortly afterward, Nvidia also revealed a \$100Bn investment in OpenAI, part of which is expected to fund the projects undertaken with Oracle. This creates a somewhat circular dynamic in which Nvidia must finance OpenAI so that it can invest with Oracle, which will in turn build data centers equipped with Nvidia chips effectively a form of self-financing. The situation bears some resemblance to the cycles witnessed during the dot-com bubble of the early 2000s. Although the ultimate outcome of these investments remains uncertain, markets have so far interpreted the news positively.

In this environment, the Weisshorn Global Bonds EUR sub-fund gained 0.27% in September, bringing its year to date performance to +0.60%.

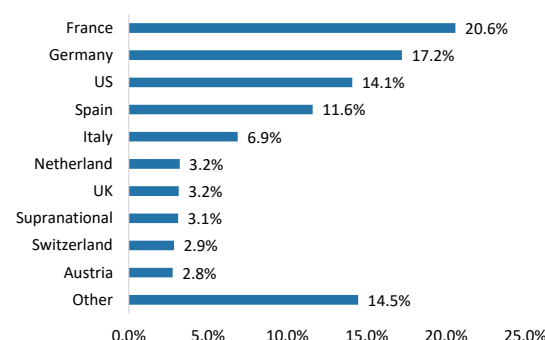
Overall, rates tended to remain stable in the US and fell slightly in Europe. This enabled all of our positions to gain a few basis points. Longer maturities, such as our US Treasury 2050 (+10 basis points) contributed more significantly to performance. Credit spreads remain very tight at historically low levels. This does not encourage us to buy Credit at these levels. We are therefore taking advantage of the opportunity to seek out solid sovereigns that are trading at attractive premiums, as illustrated by our recent purchases of Mexican, Polish, and Moroccan sovereigns.

Maturity



Source : Weisshorn Asset Management

Country



Source : Weisshorn Asset Management

Key Data

Administrator	FundPartner Solutions (Europe) S.A. 15, avenue J.F. Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg	Share classes	Weisshorn Fund UCITS Global Bonds EUR Weisshorn Fund UCITS Global Bonds CHF Weisshorn Fund UCITS Global Bonds USD	Currency	EURO CHF (Hedged) USD (Hedged)	ISIN	LU1506616843 LU1506617908 LU1506617494	NAV	101.61 92.25 118.31
Custodian	Pictet & Cie (Europe) S.A. Succursale de Luxembourg								
Investment Manager		Asset Under Management				EUR 38.2 Mios			
		TER*				1.41% p.a.			
		Management fees				0.85% p.a.			
		Fund legal Type				Sicav UCITS V			
		Legal Status				Open-ended			
		Dividend distribution policy				Capitalised			
		Subscription/ Redemption				Daily / Daily			
		Registration				CH, DE, ES, LU			
Auditors	Ernst & Young SA	Minimum investment		Minimum initial subscription amount EUR 5'000.					
	35E, av J.F. Kennedy	Entry / Exit Fees				Up to 1% / None			
	L-1855 Luxembourg	The cut-off time to submit subscriptions and /or redemption orders is 12 noon at the latest on the last business day before the valuation day. *not all cost are presented in this document, further information can be found in the fund prospectus							

Disclaimer: This is a marketing communication. Please refer to the prospectus and information document of the fund before making any final investment decisions. Complete information on risks can be found in the chapter "Risk Considerations" in the prospectus. You can obtain a summary of investors rights to the following link: <https://www.pictet.com/content/dam/www/documents/legal-and-notes/fundpartner-solutions/fps-summary-of-investors-rights.pdf>. Future performance is subject to taxation which depends on the personal situation of each investor and which may change in the future. Returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. The prospectus (available in EN, GE), the Key Information Document („KID“) (available in EN, FR, GE, SP), the articles of incorporation (available in EN) and the most recent annual or semi-annual report (available in EN) and after seeking the advice of an independent finance, legal, accounting and tax specialist. Interested parties may obtain the abovementioned documents free of charge from the authorized distribution agencies and from the offices of the Fund at 15, avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg. This document is made available exclusively to clients of Weisshorn Asset Management under discretionary portfolio management who has expressly requested to receive such information and documents (such as analysis, research, report, commentary and/or fact sheet). It shall not be communicated to any third party. The information and opinions (including positioning) contained on this document are for information purposes only and is not a solicitation, offer or recommendation to sell or acquire any securities, effect any transaction or to enter into any legal relations. More particularly, no information, document or opinions (including positioning) provided on this website regarding services or products shall constitute or be construed as an offer or solicitation to sell or acquire securities or other instruments in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation is prohibited by law or in which the person making an offer or solicitation is not licensed or registered to do so or to any person to whom such offer or solicitation is contradictory to local law or regulation. Any such prohibited offer or solicitation is void and Weisshorn Asset Management will disregard any communication received in respect thereof. Past performance should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of current or future performance, and no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made regarding future performance. Clients are urged to be assisted by professionals to assess the possibilities and risks associated with any financial operation before making any investment or other decisions. For the avoidance of doubt, if you decide to invest, you will be buying units/shares in the Fund and not investing directly in the underlying assets.

Frontier markets: Within emerging markets, those that are particularly small, new or under-developed.	Correlation and annualised volatility: Correlation shows how a fund's return moves in relation to the benchmark. Highly correlated investments tend to move up and down together while this is not true for investments with low correlation. Standard deviation or annualised volatility is a measure of historical volatility. It is calculated by comparing the average return with the average variance from that return.
Emerging markets: Markets of less economically developed nations, such as some nations in Asia, Africa, Eastern Europe and Latin America.	Standard deviation: Standard deviation or annualised volatility is a measure of historical volatility. It is calculated by comparing the average return with the average variance from that return.
Bonds: Securities that represent an obligation to repay a debt, with interest. Below investment-grade bonds generally pay higher interest rates but are considered less likely to make all scheduled payments.	Maximum drawdown: The largest loss measured from peak to trough until a new peak is attained.
Convertible bonds: Bonds that offer the holder the option of receiving the payment of principal in either cash or a certain number of shares.	Ongoing charges (OCR): Ongoing charges are based over 12 months of expenses ending the 31 December of the previous year. It is annually updated, but may be adjusted more frequently.
Contingent convertible bonds (CoCos): Convertible bonds that offer the potential for high interest and capital gains, in exchange for higher risk of loss.	Sharpe ratio: The Sharpe ratio shows the fund's risk-adjusted performance. It is calculated by dividing the excess return (portfolio return minus risk free return) by the volatility.
Convertible debt securities: Debt securities that offer the holder the option of receiving the payment of principal in either cash or a certain number of shares.	Tracking error: The volatility of the fund's excess returns over its benchmark returns. It quantifies how closely a manager's return pattern follows that of the benchmark.
Asset-backed securities: A type of debt security backed by receivables (such as credit card debt) and typically carrying above-average risk.	Derivatives risk: Certain derivatives could increase Sub-Fund volatility or expose the Sub-Fund to losses greater than the cost of the derivative.
Debt securities: Securities that represent an obligation to repay a debt, along with interest.	Counterparty risk: The Sub-Fund could lose money if an entity with which it does business becomes unwilling or unable to honor its commitments to the Sub-Fund.
Equities: Securities that represent a share in the business results of a company.	Management risk: Portfolio management techniques that have worked well in normal market conditions could prove ineffective or detrimental during unusual conditions.
Derivatives: Financial instruments whose value is linked to one or more rates, indexes, share prices or other values.	Credit risk: Prices of a debt security may fall if the issuer's creditworthiness deteriorates, or if investors believe it may do so. This risk tends to be greater with lower quality debt securities. In extreme cases, an issuer's securities could become worthless if it fails to make timely debt service payments.
Money market instruments: Financial instruments designed to provide stable value, interest and a very low risk of loss, as well as being readily convertible into cash.	Operational risk: In any market, but especially in emerging markets, the fund could lose some or all of its money through a failure in asset safekeeping or through fraud, corruption, political actions or any other unexpected events.
Option: Financial instruments that offer the right to buy (call option) or sell (put option) shares at a certain price	Liquidity risk: Certain securities could become hard to value, or to sell at a desired time and price.
Commodities: A category that includes metals, building materials, fuels and food ingredients.	
Alpha: Alpha shows the percentage performance of a fund above or below that explained by its exposure to the broader market.	
Beta: Beta shows the average extent a fund's return moves relative to the broader market. A fund with a beta above 1 moves on average more than the market and below 1 moves on average less than the market.	
Cut-off: Deadline for remittance of orders to the transfer agent in Luxembourg as set out in the relevant annexes to the prospectus. You may be required to submit your orders to your financial advisor or fund distributor by an earlier cut-off time.	